

Basic Physical Chemistry I

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Q1

Prove the following relation, (p.6)

$$\vec{S^2} \chi_s^{\rm \, III} = 2 \hbar^2 \chi_s^{\rm \, III}.$$

Q2

Prove the following relation, (p.7)

$$\vec{S^2} = S(S+1)\hbar^2.$$

Q3

Discuss the case that the ferromagnetic states are stable. (p.9)

Q4

Explain the difference between molecular orbital and valence bond approaches. (p.10)

 Q_5

Explain the advantage of configuration interaction approach. (p.11,12)

Q6

Prove the relation in F(x).

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1 - x^2}{4x} \ln \left| \frac{1 + x}{1 - x} \right|$$

Q7

Prove the Fourier transformation in k-representation of Coulomb potential $U(r) = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \frac{1}{r}$;

$$\int \frac{e^{-i\vec{k}\cdot\vec{r}}}{|\vec{r}|}d\vec{r} = \frac{4\pi}{k^2}$$

O8

Explain Koopman's theorem.

O9

Discuss Hartree-Fock-Roothaan approximation.

Q10

Summarize the super-exchange interaction.

Q11

Summarize the double-exchange interaction.