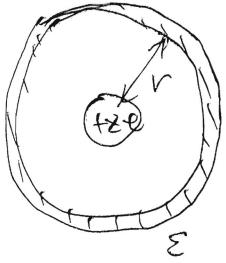


# Screened Coulomb potential



中心に  $+ze$  の電荷

半径  $r$  の薄皮部分は、単位体積あたりに  $n_i(r)$  のイオン密度

$$\text{電位 } \varphi(r) = \frac{ze}{4\pi\epsilon r}$$

$ze$  のイオン密度  $n_i$  の対  $\Rightarrow$   $V_i(r) = ze\varphi(r) = \frac{ze^2}{4\pi\epsilon r}$

イオン  $i$  の電荷分布

$$P(r) = \sum_i P_i(r) = \sum_i (z_i e) n_i(r) = \sum_i (z_i e) \left( n_i e^{-\frac{V_i(r)}{kT}} \right) \quad \text{ボルツマン分布}$$

$$= \sum_i (z_i e) \left\{ n_i \left( 1 - \frac{V_i(r)}{kT} + \frac{1}{2!} \left( \frac{V_i(r)}{kT} \right)^2 - \dots \right) \right\}$$

$V_i(r) \ll kT$  である

$$P(r) \approx \sum_i (z_i e) \left\{ n_i \left( 1 - \frac{V_i(r)}{kT} \right) \right\} = e \sum_i n_i z_i - \frac{e}{kT} \sum_i n_i z_i V_i(r)$$

$$= e \sum_i n_i z_i - \frac{e^2 \varphi(r)}{kT} \sum_i n_i z_i^2$$

溶液全体が中性  $\sum_i n_i z_i = 0$

$$\therefore P(r) = - \frac{e^2 \varphi(r)}{kT} \sum_i n_i z_i^2 = - \frac{e^2 \varphi(r) m_0}{kT} \sum_i \frac{m_i}{m_0} N_A d \cdot z_i^2$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \sum_i \frac{m_i}{m_0} z_i^2 \quad \text{イオン強度}$$

$$= - \frac{N_A e^2 \varphi(r) d \cdot m_0}{kT} (2I) = - \frac{2d \cdot F^2 I m_0 \varphi(r)}{kT}$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$F = e N_A, \quad R = N_A k$$

$$\Rightarrow P(r) = -c \varphi(r) \quad (c > 0) \quad \text{球対称}$$

$\varphi(r)$  はラプラス Poisson 方程式

$$\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{d}{dr} \left( r^2 \frac{d\varphi(r)}{dr} \right) = - \frac{P(r)}{\epsilon} = - \frac{c\varphi(r)}{\epsilon}$$

$\epsilon \varphi(r)$  は  $\Rightarrow$  1/2 階級

$$u(r) = r \varphi(r) \quad \epsilon c z$$

$$u(r) = R_1 e^{-\sqrt{\frac{c}{\epsilon}} r} + R_2 e^{\sqrt{\frac{c}{\epsilon}} r} \quad (1)$$

$$\varphi(r) = \frac{R_1 e^{-\sqrt{\frac{c}{\epsilon}} r}}{r} + \frac{R_2 e^{\sqrt{\frac{c}{\epsilon}} r}}{r}$$

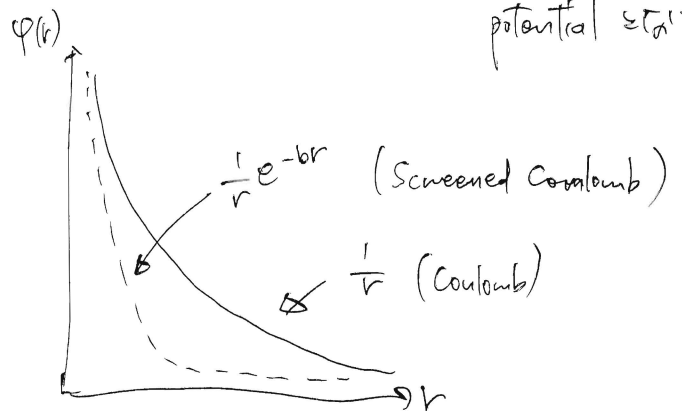
$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{r \rightarrow \infty \text{ 时发散}} \Rightarrow R_2 = 0$

$$\text{于是 } \varphi(r) = \frac{R_1 e^{-\sqrt{\frac{c}{\epsilon}} r}}{r} = \frac{R_1 e^{-br}}{r} \quad \text{其中 } b = \sqrt{\frac{c}{\epsilon}} = \sqrt{\frac{2d \cdot F^2 I m_0}{\epsilon R T}}$$

$$I = 0 \text{ 时 } b = 0 \text{ 时}$$

$\Rightarrow \varphi(r)$  是纯库仑势  
potential 时

$$\text{此时 } R_1 = \frac{ze}{4\pi\epsilon} \text{ 时}$$



≡ "バイ - 12 → 100 の極限法則"

1 成分の溶液の活量係数を求める。

まず、1 種類のみ成分のみ、活量係数  $\gamma$

$$G = G^\circ + RT \ln a = G^\circ + RT \ln \frac{m}{m^\circ} \gamma$$

$$G = G_{\text{ideal}} + G_{\text{non-ideal}} \quad \text{と} \quad \text{し} \\ = \underbrace{G^\circ + RT \ln \frac{m}{m^\circ}}_{\text{ideal}} + \underbrace{RT \ln \gamma}_{\text{non-ideal}}$$

Screened Coulomb potential

$$\varphi(r) = \frac{ze}{4\pi\epsilon r} e^{-br} = \frac{ze}{4\pi\epsilon r} \left( 1 - br + \frac{b^2 r^2}{2!} - \dots \right)$$

$$I \ll 1 \quad \text{と} \quad b \ll 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \varphi(r) \approx \frac{ze}{4\pi\epsilon r} (1 - br)$$

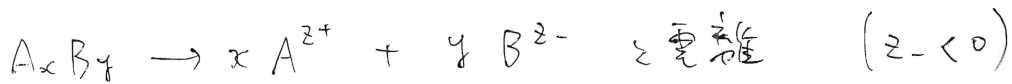
$$\text{よ} \quad \varphi(r)_{\text{non-ideal}} = - \frac{zeb}{4\pi\epsilon} \quad \text{と} \quad \text{し} \quad \text{る}$$

電荷  $ze$  の変数  $g$  とし、 $0 \sim ze + z'$  の土壌量

$$\begin{aligned} G_{\text{non-ideal}} &= -N_A \int_0^{ze} \frac{b g}{4\pi\epsilon} dg = - \frac{NA z^2 e^2 b}{8\pi\epsilon} = - \frac{NA z^2 e^2}{8\pi\epsilon} \sqrt{\frac{2d^2 F^2 I_{m0}}{\epsilon RT}} \\ &\Rightarrow \ln \gamma = -Az^2 I^{\frac{1}{2}} = RT \ln \gamma \end{aligned}$$

よ、活量係数  $\gamma$  は成分の強度  $I$  と関係がある。

陽イオン, 陰イオンがある場合.



中性条件  $x z_+ + y z_- = 0$

$z_+$  かつ  $z_-$  かつ. 正  $\Leftrightarrow x z_+^2 + y z_-^2 + (x+y) z_+ z_- = 0$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{x z_+^2 + y z_-^2}{x+y} = -z_+ z_- = |z_+ z_-| \quad \text{①}$$

平均活量係数  $\gamma_{\pm}$  は

$$\gamma_{\pm} = \left[ (\gamma_+)^x (\gamma_-)^y \right]^{\frac{1}{x+y}} \quad (\text{幾何平均})$$

$$x=y \rightarrow \gamma_{\pm} = \sqrt{\gamma_+ \gamma_-}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \ln \gamma_{\pm} &= \frac{1}{x+y} (x \ln \gamma_+ + y \ln \gamma_-) \stackrel{\text{①}}{=} \frac{1}{x+y} \left( -x A z_+^2 I^{\frac{1}{2}} - y A z_-^2 I^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\ &= -\frac{A I^{\frac{1}{2}}}{x+y} (x z_+^2 + y z_-^2) \end{aligned}$$

①  $z_+ z_- = -|z_+ z_-|$

$$\ln \gamma_{\pm} = -A |z_+ z_-| I^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \text{②} \quad (\text{Debye-Hückel 極限則})$$

$A = 0.509$  かつ

$m < 0.01 \text{ mol/kg}$  かつ  $\rightarrow m > 0.01 \text{ mol/kg}$  かつ

$\ln \gamma_{\pm} < 0$  かつ  $\rightarrow \gamma_{\pm} < 1$

希薄かつ  $a = \gamma \frac{m}{m_0}$

$$\ln \gamma_{\pm} = -\frac{A |z_+ z_-| I^{\frac{1}{2}}}{1 + a B I^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$\Rightarrow$  希薄かつ, screened Coulomb potential かつ  $I^{\frac{1}{2}}$  かつ.